

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME VII.

MAYSVILLE, KY. THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1888.

NUMBER 67.

A QUESTION ABOUT Brown's Iron Bitters ANSWERED.

The question has probably been asked thousands of times. "How can Brown's Iron Bitters cure everything?" Well, it doesn't. But it does cure all diseases for which a reputable physician would prescribe IRON. Physicians recognize iron as the best restorative agent known to the profession, and inquiry of any leading chemical firm will substantiate the assertion that there are more preparations of iron than of any other substance used in medicine. This shows conclusively that iron is acknowledged to be the most important factor in successful medical practice. It is, however, a remarkable fact, that prior to the discovery of BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, no perfectly satisfactory iron combination had ever been found. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS—the tooth, cause headache, or produce constipation—all other iron medicines do. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS cures indigestion, biliousness, weakness, dyspepsia, malaria, chills and fevers, tired feeling, general debility, pain in the side, back or limbs, headache and neuralgia—for all these ailments iron is prescribed daily. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, however, does not injure the stomach, does not cause constipation, it acts slowly. When taken by men the first symptom of benefit is renewed energy. The muscles then become firmer, the digestion improves, the bowels are active. In women the effect is usually more rapid and marked. The eyes begin at once to brighten; the skin clears up; healthy color comes to the cheeks; nervousness disappears; functional derangements become regular, and if a nursing mother, abundant sustenance is supplied for the child. Remember Brown's Iron Bitters is the ONLY iron medicine that is not injurious. Physicians and Druggists recommend it. The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. TAKE NO OTHER.

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KENTON, of Covington, Ky.;
BOATMAN, of Pittsburgh, Pa.,
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Second street, above Market, opposite O'Connell's.
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Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and Steam Gauges, Force and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose, Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Personal attention given to all work and satisfaction guaranteed.
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Second street, above Market, opposite O'Connell's.
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Gas and Steam Fitter.

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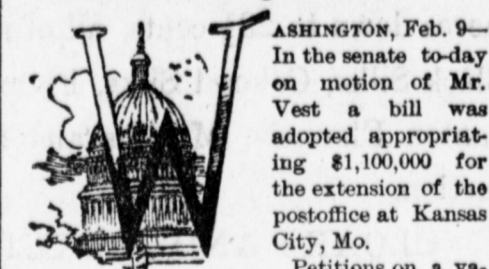
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DENTIST.
Nitrous-oxide, or laughing gas used for the painless extraction of teeth. Office on Court Street.

THE HOUSE AND SENATE.

MR. RIDDLEBERGER GETS BOISTROUS AND CREATES A SCENE.

He Criticizes the Chair, Snubs Those Who Interrupt Him and Leaves the Chamber in Disgrace—Clergymen Before the Senate Committee—Washington Notes.



WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—In the senate to-day on motion of Mr. Vest a bill was adopted appropriating \$1,100,000 for the extension of the postoffice at Kansas City, Mo.

Petitions on a variety of subjects were presented, and the calendar was taken up for consideration of bills in their regular order.

Mr. Riddleberger interrupted with a renewed attempt to secure consideration of his resolution in reference to the British extradition treaty, and created a scene, accompanied by much laughter in the galleries. He declared that he had been unfairly treated, that his resolution was entitled to consideration, that one set of rules applied to him and another to other senators, and that there was a combination to prevent action upon his resolution.

He criticized the chair and snubbed senators who endeavored to interrupt him until the chair repeatedly ruled him out of order and finally directed him to take his seat. Mr. Riddleberger remained standing and appealed from the action of the chair. The chair did not entertain the appeal but allowed other business to proceed, and Mr. Riddleberger withdrew from the chamber without resuming his seat.

A bill to authorize the sale of mineral bonds to aliens was discussed at length, but without action.

At 2 o'clock, Mr. Cawes took the floor in favor of the Blair educational bill.

Mr. Blair gave notice that he would ask for a vote on the educational bill to-day or to-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Jones, of Arkansas, the bill to authorize the Chocktow Coal and Railway company to construct a railroad through the Indian Territory was passed.

The Rev. Mr. Cuyler and a delegation of clergymen appeared before the senate committee on foreign relations to-day and spoke against the exportation of liquors to the West Indies.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The house in the morning hour resumed consideration of the bill making bills of lading conclusive evidence in certain cases.

The speaker has announced the committee to investigate the Reading labor troubles as stated in the United Press dispatches last night. The committee consists of Messrs. Tillman, of South Carolina; Mr. Stone, of Missouri; Mr. Chapman, of Michigan; Mr. Anderson, of Kansas, and Parker, of New York.

At 2:45 p. m., the house adjourned.

Not Likely to Accept.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Mr. William T. Coleman, of California, has been offered the American commissionership of the International exposition at Melbourne, Australia, to be held this year. Mr. Coleman's friends, however, say he will not accept.

THE METROPOLITAN.

De Camp Surrendered by His Bondsman.

The Total Amount Borrowed.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 9.—At the Metropolitan bank this morning everything was quiet. A few disappointed depositors came down to see how things looked but soon left.

In the bank Inspector Sanders, with the assistance of the clerks, was getting the books and papers in shape for the final report to the comptroller before a receiver is appointed.

Private Watchman George Honeyman, who resisted Deputy Marshal Costello when he arrested Vice President De Camp, was arraigned before Commissioner Dorger this morning and dismissed.

There were rumors again this morning of more arrests, and the names of directors were mentioned in connection therewith.

"More Metropolitan sensations to-day, Secret Service Officer Eves?"

"Oh, I guess so. Those two didn't do it all."

"There will be no further arrests of Metropolitan officers," said District Attorney Burnett.

At 12:16, John R. De Camp was brought into the district attorney's office in the custody of Detectives George and William Hazen.

His bondsmen, John Carlisle and Albert Netter, had withdrawn and had ordered him to be surrendered to the United States authorities.

The exact sum borrowed by the directors' syndicate is \$569,000, in the following amounts: Means, individually, \$125,000; as trustee, \$47,000; Roth, \$81,000; Duckworth, \$115,000; Gerke, \$91,000; De Camp, \$110,000.

From this it appears that Messrs. Means, on his individual account, Duckworth and De Camp have violated the National banking act, which forbids the borrowing by any one of a sum in excess of one-tenth of the capital. It is thought the money was used in purchasing stock after the increase of the capital stock.

"Has a receiver been appointed yet?" was asked of Bank Examiner Sanders.

"No," said he. "He will be appointed by the comptroller within a few days, but no selection has been made as yet."

Comptroller Trenholm Ill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—W. L. Trenholm, comptroller of the treasury, who has the affairs of the Metropolitan bank, of Cincinnati, in charge, is ill at his residence to-day and not able to transact much business. Assistant District Attorney Bruce and Expert Hayes have been at the office of the comptroller, in the treasury building, all day. No receiver has yet been appointed.

Mother and Child Burned to Death.

LEFROY, Ont., Feb. 9.—Stinson's hotel, in Belle Ewart, was burned last night. Mrs. Nesbitt and her youngest child were burned to death.

HIS FRIENDS DISMAYED.

A Well Known Catholic Attorney of Boston a Defaulter.

BOSTON, Feb. 9.—Lawyer J. C. Crowley has long been known in this city and elsewhere and universally respected as a man of probity. He has enjoyed a very extensive practice and has been supposed to derive a large income therefrom. About three months ago Mr. Crowley went to New York ostensibly upon business. Later it was publicly announced that Mr. Crowley had taken a European trip, but no general suspicion was aroused that all was not right. Yesterday it was learned that Mr. Crowley is badly involved in debt, and that several estates and parties for whom he has acted in the capacity of trustee have become absorbed in the ruin. It is estimated that the total liabilities will fall not far short of \$75,000.

Mr. Crowley enjoyed the unbounded confidence of Archbishop Williams and of the Roman Catholic clergy of this diocese, and much of his practice was among the Irish Catholic element of the population, who are sufferers. He is a graduate of Harvard college and of the Cambridge law school, and has for several years been a prominent member of the Boston school board. The following are some of the estates involved: John Donovan, Boston; Catherine O'Connor, Cambridge; Mary Ryan, Lawrence; John Driscoll, South Boston; Lydia Callahan, East Boston; James MacMahon, Boston. The Bolger estate is also involved for \$7,000.

An institution that suffers by Crowley's dishonesty is the House of the Angel Guardian, Roxbury. He failed to return interest due on a mortgage held by the institution and was dismissed as its counsel. Mrs. Crowley when informed of her husband's wrong doing, heroically offered to give up all her property for the benefit of her husband's creditors. She offered to give up her home at 18 Highland avenue, which she owns. This offer will be accepted. Crowley is a member of the present school committee, which is an honorable office. He is also president of the Catholic Union and was at one time president of the Union Institution for Savings.

A MILLIONAIRE MURDERED.

Amos J. Snell, of Chicago, Meets Death at the Hands of a Burglar.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—The most sensational murder that has occurred in Chicago for many years took place about 2 o'clock this morning at which time Mr. A. J. Snell, one of the best known and wealthiest residents of the West Side, was shot and instantly killed by a burglar in the hall of his residence on the northwest corner of Washington boulevard and Ada street. The only occupants of the house last night were Mr. Snell, his two little granddaughters, two servant girls and a coachman, Mrs. Snell being in Milwaukee on a visit. That the murder was the work of a midnight robber there is no doubt.

Entrance to the house has been effected by cutting a panel out of the kitchen door. Just how the murder was done will probably never be known. A shot awakened the coachman, who at once ran down stairs. On the floor of the front hall lay Mr. Snell in the agonies of death and before he could utter a word, his life had gone out. On a table in the parlor was piled the silverware of the family, and it was plain that the thieves had been surprised by the murdered man while they were in the act of preparing to escape with their plunder.

Two shots were fired, either of which would have been fatal. One bullet entered the left breast, just above the nipple, and the other, evidently fired before either the murderer or his victim had changed position, entered the skull half an inch above the left ear. It was all the work of an instant, and as soon as the shots were fired the murderer fled, but exactly how he left the house is not known.

Mr. Snell was one of the wealthiest and best known residents of the West Side, and had been connected with Chicago history for a great many years. He was born in Little Falls, N. Y., sixty-three years ago, and came west in 1844. He leaves property to the amount of \$3,000,000. Mr. Snell leaves a wife, three daughters and a son, one of whom are married.

A Fugitive's Frightful Fate.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Feb. 9.—While in the delirium of typhoid fever, John L. Nally, who fled from this place to escape the consequences of unmarried paternity, rushed into a cactus thicket in southern California. When found next day his clothing had been torn from him, and the skin literally scratched from his body. He died soon after being found. Since leaving here Nally had been living alone in a cabin near San Diego, where he believed himself safe from the officers who were seeking him.

Death of Garrett Walker.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 9.—Garrett Walker died at Pass Christian, on Mississippi Sound, last evening. Mr. Walker was the son of Hon. Alex. Walker, and brother of Norman Walker, chief editor of the New Orleans Times-Democrat. In the last six years he was totally blind and paralyzed, yet he dictated several stories which were published in New York magazines. In this manner he supported himself for several years.

A Counterfeiter Captured.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Feb. 9.—James Dodson, a brother of the notorious counterfeiter, Tom Dodson, who is now serving a five years' sentence in the Albany penitentiary, was arrested last night in Cumberland county for shoving the queer. He is now in jail in this city.

An Irish Patriot Dead.

WATERBURY, Conn., Feb. 9.—Stephen J. Meany, managing editor of the Waterbury Evening Democrat, author and Irish patriot, died at the Scoville house this morning. Erysipelas of the foot, followed by pulmonary complications, was the cause of death.

Nasby Out of Danger.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 9.—For the past week or more grave fears have been entertained for D. R. Locke, Petroleum Nasby, of the Blade, who has been ill for two months, but his symptoms have lately taken a more favorable turn, and he is now out of danger.

Algernon at It Again.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 9.—The tally sheet trial this morning was very dull. After eleven hours' cross-examination of Granville the redirect examination was begun. Granville's testimony will probably close to-morrow morning.

WANT PROTECTION, TOO.

FARMERS' VIEWS AS TO THE BENEFITS OF TARIFF.

Several Thousand Replies Sent in Response to a Request for Their Opinions Regarding What Protection Has Done for Agriculture—A Petition Prepared.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Some time ago the Tribune of this city invited an expression of opinion by individual farmers, agricultural societies and Granges regarding the influence of the tariff upon agricultural industry and the changes in the tariff desired by farmers. The result was the receipt of several thousand letters, which the Tribune submitted to a committee consisting of Hon. Warner Miller, of New York, chairman; Cyrus C. Carpenter, John T. Rich, W. C. Morse, Edward Burroughs, J. O. Lyman, W. M. Grosvenor, Hon. J. H. Hale, Connecticut, and Hon. James Wilson, of Iowa.

This committee was charged with the work of making up the consensus of the farmers of the country, as shown by these letters. Its report, signed by all except Messrs. Hale and Wilson—the former having, however, approved all the findings on which the document is based, and the latter being beyond reach in Texas or Mexico—was published in the Tribune to-day. It is accompanied by the following petition, which succinctly embodies the findings of the committee, and which farmers and farmers' organizations, who favor its proposition, are requested to sign and transmit to congress, or to the Tribune for forwarding:

"To the Speaker of the House of Representatives:

"The undersigned respectfully pray that agriculture may be more effectually protected by preventing fraudulent importations of cattle on pretense that they are for breeding only;

"By a duty of twenty cents per bushel on barley, with proportionate increase of duty on malt;

"By duties of twenty-five cents per bushel on potatoes and onions, \$3 per hundred on cabbage, \$3 per ton on hay, ten cents per pound on hops, twenty per cent. on beans and peas, five cents per dozen on eggs, thirty per cent. on fowls and poultry and on 'vegetables in their natural state or in salt or brine, not otherwise provided for,' with no removal or reduction of duties on market garden products now dutiable;

"By such increased duties on flax and on linen goods as will effectually encourage preparation of fiber and manufacture of goods;

"By abolishing all duties on sugar, with a bounty to home producers;

"By preventing imports of leaf tobacco suitable for wrappers at the duty imposed on other leaf tobacco, and repealing all internal taxes on tobacco;

"By restoring to wool growing the substantial protection enjoyed under the tariff of 1867, so modified as to meet the later forms of foreign competition and of evasion."

The report proper is quite long, giving the statistics of farm and manufacturing growth in the United States during the past fifteen years, to show that protection has brought immigration, and with it a home market for agricultural products which permitted vast farm development, etc. With scarcely an exception the letters received point out that the tariff should have directly defended the industry of farmers in ways in which it has not. It should shield them as completely as any branch of manufacture, from the spasmodic and destructive competition which the cheapness and degradation of labor in some other lands permit. But the barrier around farming industry, at all points relatively low, has many gaps, partly from early oversight and partly from mistaken revision within the past few years.

Even at this hour some important products of American farms are undersold in many of our cities and towns by the products of ill-paid or unpaid labor. Onions from Spain and Egypt appear in markets as far west as Chicago. Tobacco raised by coolies in Sumatra lessens the reward of American growers. Wool clipped by slaves, by convicts, or by creatures scarcely less degraded, stops wool growing by an army of American farmers and sends 6,000,000 sheep to the slaughter. Potatoes and cabbages by the cargo, from places where women work daily in the fields, come hither as ballast, with eggs by the shipload from Holland, cattle from Mexico and barley from Canada.

No less than 279 of the 326 farmers who refer at all to the duties on sugar, ask the abolition of those duties. The producers of tobacco do not ask any increase of duties, but they earnestly desire that the fraudulent importation of coolie-grown tobacco, by which their industry has been rendered unprofitable, may be stopped by more precise language in defining the classes to which existing duties were meant to apply. The report then gives the statistics of the wool industry of the country, as affected by the tariff, and continues:

"The wool growers, who appeal to other farmers throughout the country, show that the prostration of their industry is imminent; that they number more than one million, and if forced to give up wool growing must devote their land to other branches of agriculture, in which competition is already severe enough; that the prostration of the manufacture would also deprive American farmers of a considerable part of their home markets, and that, with woolen goods worn by nine-tenths of the people as cheap now as in any other country, quality considered, the consumers have only to pay higher prices if the enormous consumption of this country is to be supplied wholly or in part by foreign looms. They therefore ask a united effort of all farmers to obtain from congress such action that this industry may receive the substantial protection enjoyed under the tariff of 1867."

Ohio Legislature.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 9.—The morning sessions of both branches of the legislature were occupied this morning in discussions, and nothing was accomplished except in the house, where a couple of local bills passed. Pflasters' bill increasing the pay of county auditors was defeated. A big fight is expected when Outcalt's building bill comes up for a third reading. Walter Forbush is here to watch the result. The impression prevails that it will pass.

HORRORS OF THE SEA.

Three British Steamships and Their Crews Given Up for Lost.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 9.—The British steamships Algitha, Capt. Barwise; Lufra, Capt. Grimstead and Darien, Capt. McKee, all under charter to come to Philadelphia with iron ore, for Messrs. Naylor & Company, of this city, are missing, and the crews numbering in all eighty souls, are believed to have been lost. Early in December the three vessels under charter left the north of England for Carthage, where they were to have loaded iron ore for Philadelphia, and that is the last seen or heard of them.

According to Lloyd's, in London, the vessels are posted as missing. This is never done until the last hopes have vanished so there is little hope of any of the crew. The British steamship Elpis, which left England the same time, arrived in Carthage, loaded, and reached this port safely, having experienced nothing but very moderate weather. A representative of Messrs. Naylor & Company said yesterday they had no information about the vessels, only a cablegram from their London house which said they had been given up as lost with all hands.

QUIETING DOWN.

The Reading Police Being Paid Off—Ten Collieries Working.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 9.—The coal and iron police were paid at Shenandoah yesterday, and affairs are so quiet that about thirty were permitted to visit their homes this morning. The railroads are not receiving aid from the relief committee. They all seem to have money and say they can stand two months of strike yet before they need aid. The relief committee are giving Shamokin strikers several dollars a piece in cash to-day. William Penn is the only colliery working around Shenandoah, and everything is quiet there. The police and sheriff's posse are still on duty. It is said that no effort will be made to start collieries there for some time now.

Superintendent Verth, of the Reading Coal and Iron company, said this morning: "We have ten collieries trying to work. Shipments are lessening, owing to the loose coal being almost all gathered up, and we have too few miners at work. We are working Tunnel Ridge, Suffolk, Alaska, Monitor, Henry Clay, Bear Valley, Keystone, North Ashland, Lincoln and Brookside. The latter is the only one working near full handed, and is shipping as much as all the others combined. We are not pushing matters any."

Steubenville Saloonkeepers.

STUEBENVILLE, O., Feb. 9.—Some time since a number of saloonkeepers were suspected by the county auditor of having violated the provisions of the Dow law by selling whisky under a simple beer license, and detectives were put to work, and the auditor's surmises proved to be correct. The penalty of \$250 was put on, and the county treasurer issued attachments against the property of the saloon men for refusal to pay. An injunction restraining the treasurer from collecting was allowed, but Judge Hance dissolved that injunction, and in a lengthy opinion held all the parties liable for the penalty. This action on the part of the law will probably compel some of the defendants to wind up their business, while others can pay.

Poker Room in a Church Tower.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 9.—A regular poker room was discovered in the tower of the Walnut Street Presbyterian church here last night. The players were negroes who were let in the back way by the janitor and played steadily without reference to what was going on in the church below, which has one of the largest white populations in the city. When services were not in progress the negroes occasionally used the pews in the audience room for couches for weary gamblers, who were broken in the game and had no regular lodging place.

Four Men Shot to Death in Louisiana.

JEANERETTE, La., Feb. 9.—In an altercation, George Dixon was shot and killed by Jake Marshall, colored, a deputy sheriff. Marshall fled and concealed himself in a corn crib, where he was found with his brother. The pair were fired upon, and the brother and Louis Payton were almost instantly killed. Payton was a spectator. Jake Marshall succeeded in escaping, but received fatal wounds, as was discovered when his dead body was found in a ditch in the swamps. The shooting was done by unknown persons.

Foiled With a Pistol.

AUGUSTA, Ky., Feb. 9.—While fooling with an old 38-caliber revolver, Jesse Newman, aged twenty-two, was fatally shot by Robert Daniels, aged eighteen years. The ball entered the right side just below the ribs, wounding the liver and the intestines, and, passing down, lodged against the pelvis on the opposite side. This occurred just below this place on the Ohio side. The wound is a fatal one. Newman exonerates Daniels from all blame.

His First Veto.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Feb. 9.—Governor West sent in his first veto yesterday. It was on a bill compelling the courts to grant bail in the case of convicts who wish to appeal where the penalty is not greater than five years' imprisonment. The law now allows bail in such cases in the discretion of the judge. The design of the bill was to help the polygamists fight the laws. The governor to-day signed the old appropriation bill.

He Just Loaned the County's Money.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 9.—The Journal's Highmore, Dak. special says that Homer James, the Hyde county treasurer, who is \$10,000 short in his accounts, has been discharged after an earnest prosecution. The cause of this action was that James was strictly honest and had not profited personally by the shortage. He had simply been good natured and lent county money to any friends who asked him, taking neither receipt nor note.

Prospects of a Necktie Party.

FAIRMONT, Ill., Feb. 9.—A boy was brutally maltreated yesterday, by a gang of drunken tramps, twelve in number. Seven of the tramps were arrested. Excitement runs high and there is strong talk of lynching the tramps who are in jail.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE DAILY BULLETIN will be delivered to any part of the city at 6 cents a week, or one year for \$3.

THE DAILY BULLETIN to any postoffice in the United States, postage prepaid, at twenty-five cents per month or three dollars per year.

THURSDAY EVEN'G, FEB. 9, 1888.

That Callon-Rardin Contest.

There are two sides to every question. The editor of the Daily Republican, of this city, however, does not seem disposed to give but one side of the Callon-Rardin contested election case from Greenup.

There are few people who would accept an office under the circumstances Mr. Callon did, but that has got nothing to do with the action of the Legislature. More votes were cast for Rardin, Republican, than for Callon, Democrat, but Rardin was a United States Commissioner at the time, and was ineligible for election to any other office. The tendency now is to hold all votes as illegal and void, when cast for an ineligible candidate, and to declare the eligible candidate receiving the next highest number of votes entitled to the office.

Such was the recent decision of the Legislature in this case of Callon vs. Rardin, and same is sustained by rulings of the Indiana courts. Judge Cushing lays down the same doctrine as deducible from the decided cases, as does also Grant and other authorities.

Our statute law shows that all votes cast for Mr. Rardin, whilst he held the position of U. S. Commissioner, were void, and the Arkansas courts so hold, as did Chief Justice Thompson of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Would a Republican Legislature require as much authority as is here given to seat one of their party?

Mr. Callon's vote was not needed by the Democrats, and they can not be accused of allowing partisan motives to govern their action in the matter.

While the Legislature was undoubtedly justified in seating Callon, yet it seems the better plan would have been to let the question be settled by another election.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

WASHINGTON.

Mrs. Pollitt, wife of Rev. S. F. Pollitt, arrived from Harrodsburg on a visit to her old home.

Lawrence Horton and wife have returned to Bourbon County, after a visit to Mr. Horton's mother, Mrs. Robert Hunter.

Andrew Wood, Esq., has bought the county right for the sale of a patent fence from Mr. Ogil, of Bourbon County.

Miss Nannie Bland has returned to her home at Shannon, after a visit to Mrs. John Kirk.

Mrs. Sallie McDonald will return home from a visit to Mr. and James Claybrook this week.

A pleasant party was given by Mr. and Mrs. Henry Thompson last week to the young people of this vicinity.

Keith B. Pepper, whose death we notice in the Cincinnati Enquirer, was a grandson of the late Captain William Bieley, of this place. He was named for the late Keith Berry, former Circuit Clerk of this county.

Miss Mary Chambers has opened a select school at this place, the public school having closed last week.

Mrs. Corilla, a nurse, returned to her home at Blue Lick Springs after a visit to her sister, Mrs. M. A. Wood, near here. Mrs. Larue and family will shortly remove to their new home near Shawhan's Station, Bourbon County.

Messrs. Jim Marshall and John Chambers are in Cincinnati attending the tobacco sales. Mrs. Bettie Forman has received a telegram from Miss Phoebe Forman at Mt. Sterling stating that the latter was going to start for Washington, D. C., with the wife of Rev. E. Forman.

We regret to announce that Mr. O. B. P. Lurley intends to remove to this vicinity shortly. In him the town loses one of its most enterprising merchants and useful citizens.

Tom Foman has gone to Cincinnati with a lot of very fine hogs.

There is every prospect that a large tobacco crop will be sent out this year in this vicinity. About a hundred acres a day are now being raised by the fire, and if it all gets in the ground next spring the market will go to pieces. But it won't get there.

ORANGEBURG.

Miss Hattie Key is visiting friends and relatives in Mayville.

Miss Pink Jordan, of Tollesboro, is the guest of Miss Lena Roe.

Mr. William Hanley has opened out a grocery store at the stand formerly occupied by W. H. Cole. Mr. Hanley is a first-class business man.

Mr. Allie Coryell was visiting in Mayville this week.

Our esteemed friend, Will Bollinger, will make his future home in Falls City, Neb.

Mr. and Mrs. John Roe and little daughter, visiting relatives here, have returned to their home near Helena.

Miss Florence Davis is visiting here this week.

The entertainment given the 2nd inst., was a success in every particular. The house was filled to its utmost capacity. Those present expressed their appreciation by their applause. The dialogues and recitations delivered by the young people showed their good training. The music rendered by Misses Alma Riggs and Minnie Pollitt, of Rectortville, was splendid. Mr. Pollitt showed his good taste in the management of the entertainment.

Ladies' Styles.

[New York World.]

The cashmeres will be used more for street and morning wear, and will be combined with velvet, the heavy quality of faille and francise or both. A handsome gown, now in process of manufacture, has a skirt of faille francise, a deep Pompadour red in color with a band of velvet twelve inches wide about the foot. The overdress is of cashmere, simply draped and braided above the deep hem with narrow black braid set on in a large, delicate pattern. The bodice is of cashmere, with a gathered faille vest, having the cuffs and high collar braided with black.

WEALTH IN MERE DIRT

HOW UNCLE SAM MAKES MONEY BY LOOKING AFTER LITTLE THINGS.

How Gold and Silver is Lost and Found Again in the Assay Office—Methods Employed for the Recovery of Escaped Metal.

During the year 1886 over \$48,000,000 in gold and nearly \$7,000,000 in silver passed through the assay office in this city to be remelted, refined and cast into bars. All this vast quantity of metal is passed through a complicated process to separate it from alloys and base metals, and even to separate the gold from the silver. It is melted in furnaces, treated with acids and chemicals, reduced to a liquid state, washed in many waters, cast into molds, baked in ovens and carted from one portion of the building to another a dozen times before the process is completed that turns the golden and silver grains into bars of standard fineness, on which is put the government stamp of the number, weight and value. In the course of this long process some particles of the metal are necessarily lost at different stages of the work. While in the powdered state some of it will sift out upon the floor; in the liquid condition it will evaporate and float away in the air; and in the melted state portions will be carried up the furnace chimneys and out of doors.

The actual loss is of course but a small percentage of the whole amount handled, but in the aggregate amounts to a considerable sum, and every possible effort is made to reduce the amount of loss to the lowest possible figure. The care that is taken may be understood by the fact that every day or two the floors of the assay building are swept thoroughly and the sweepings, placed in barrels until a sufficient quantity is gathered to put it through a process to extract such portion of the metal as is possible without too much expense. But, even after that, the refuse, or tailings, is not thrown away, but sold to what are known as sweep smelters, men who purchase the sweepings from jewelry workers, as well as the assay office, and by their more expensive, but perfect, method of fusion, are able to extract even another small percentage from the unpromising material.

LOST IN THE DRAINS.

Another means employed to obtain escaping particles is by the drains running from the buildings. All the branch drains and conduits are conducted into one large main drain pipe, which is provided with a series of "S" traps, containing a deep settling pocket at the lower bend, into which the metals fall by force of gravitation. All the water used in the building, from the washing of the metals to the scrubbing of the floors, even that in which the employers have performed their ablutions (and it is one of the regulations that every employee shall carefully wash his hands before leaving the building), passes through this drain. The settling pockets are cleaned out once or twice a year, and the recovery from this source amounts to several hundred dollars—even as high as \$1,200 to \$1,500 a year. Still some of the lighter particles escape the traps, and pass out into the main sewer, and find their way into the East river, where no doubt quite a mine, or placer digging, has been formed at the mouth of the sewer.

But the most important operation for the recovery of escaped metal is the annual cleaning up, when every old crucible and the furnaces in which the smelting is done, and even a large part of the flues and chimneys are taken down, ground up, and such of the metal as had adhered to them is extracted. But even in this case there is still a proportion that is carried out in the open air, and naturally settles down on the adjacent roofs and streets. Occasionally the roof of the assay building is swept off, but this more as a matter of curiosity to see what amount of gold and silver that may have been lost could be recovered from that source. A little gold and still more silver is always found in these deposits, but not enough to pay for the trouble of gathering.

DIRT FROM THE ROOF GUTTERS.

The other day, however, while some repairs were in progress at the sub-treasury building, it became necessary to clean out the roof gutters that had become somewhat clogged with the dirt and dust that had gathered for the two or three years preceding. The workmen shoveled the dirt down into the alleyway between the two buildings, when Assistant Superintendent Martin, of the assay office, who is always on the lookout for leakages and possible recoveries, caused a sample of dirt to be assayed, and found it to be worth something over \$30 per ton. There was about half a ton of this earth, which was at once conveyed to the barrels where the sweepings are thrown, and the government is just about \$15 ahead on the transaction. Other buildings in the neighborhood which have not been cleaned off in years, doubtless, contain pay dirt even richer than that from the sub-treasury building.

Mr. Andrew Mason, superintendent of the assay office, laughed when he was asked if there was not enough of the metal on the streets by this time to pay to sweep it up and work it, and replied that even if all that had fallen for years still lay on the ground the amount would be so small in comparison to the trouble and expense of gathering and refining it that it would not be a paying undertaking. Moreover, the ordinary street cleaning operations had taken most of it off and the rain had washed most of the balance into the sewer. But still a little could always be found. The percentage of loss is infinitesimal, he said, but the aggregate for several years would, he thought, make quite a presentable sum.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Soldiers' Reunion.

GOSHEN, Ind., Feb. 9.—The reunion of the Forty-eight Indiana Volunteer Infantry, which was celebrated in this city Tuesday, brought together about eighty of the old comrades of the civil war. At a meeting held in the afternoon it was decided to have the next reunion at South Bend on February 7, 1889. In the evening the soldiers were addressed by the Hon. H. D. Wilson, Gen. Jasper Packard, Gen. M. S. Haswell and others.

Accidentally Killed His Son.

DELAWARE, O., Feb. 9.—John Williams, of Thompson township, this county, was splitting wood, Tuesday, and his twelve-year-old son was piling it up. The boy stooped over to pick up a stick of wood just as the ax was descending, and the blade struck him in the back of the head, almost cleaving the skull in twain. The boy lived but a few minutes, and the father is crazed with grief.

The Colored Teachers.

The attendance at the recent monthly meeting of the Mason County Teachers' Association, (colored), at Washington was larger than usual. P. McFarland, Vice President, presided in the forenoon, and C. G. Harris, President, in the afternoon.

The discussions were participated in by W. H. Powers, J. W. H. Powell, G. L. Coleman, P. McFarland, C. G. Harris and Rev. J. F. Moreland.

Rev. A. J. Warner was among those in attendance, and was invited to address the association. He is a native of Washington, and referred to the great changes that had taken place since the days of slavery—teachers and preachers were now assembled laboring for the upbuilding of themselves and future generations. The association tendered the speaker a vote of thanks for his address.

It was decided to hold the next meeting at Helena, March 3rd. A vote of thanks was tendered the people of Washington for favors shown.

Shackleford's Pharmacy.

Most attractive store in town—in "Cox Building." Fine old wines and liquors for medical purposes. Pure drugs, Toilet articles in great variety.

The news from Pike County is that the Hatfields are still "holding the fort." They are armed and the McCoys of West Virginia will no doubt find it "ticklish business" if they attempt to take their friends from the Kentucky jail.

Down an Embankment.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 9.—Late last night an accommodation train on the Jacksonville & Southwestern railroad was derailed near Athens, fourteen miles north of here. Six cars were derailed. There were eight passengers in the caboose, and all were more or less injured when the car rolled down the embankment.

Died of Smallpox.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—O. K. Hopkins, nephew of the late millionaire, Mark Hopkins, died of smallpox yesterday afternoon at the Oakland pest house. His income from his portion of the Hopkins estate was over \$100 a day, but little of it was saved. He was best known as a man about town. He was married and had one child, but separated from his wife a few weeks ago by mutual agreement.

Quadruple Coincidence.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 9.—A report reached this city from an eastern suburb that Sarah Taylor, a rather elderly colored woman and her three married daughters had given birth to babies to-day. The rumor is vouched for by reliable parties living in that vicinity, but none of the details can be ascertained at present.

A Buhr-Stone Explodes.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Feb. 9.—A Pantagraph special from Champaign says that at Broadland, Champaign county, the buhr-stone of a corn mill exploded, killing two men and fatally injuring two.

Injured in a Mine.

SHAWNEE, O., Feb. 9.—Eck Worthington sustained severe injuries about the body, including a broken collar bone, by being caught between two cars while driving at New York mine.

Crushed by Falling Rock.

STUEBENVILLE, O., Feb. 9.—David Robbins, a coal miner, had the life crushed out of him yesterday by a mass of falling slate and rock, while at work in the gravel shaft.

In Memory of C. W. Bierley.

As star by star declines
Till all are passed away,
As morning high and higher shines,
To a pure and perfect day—
Nor sink the stars in endless night,
But hide themselves in heaven's own light.
H. L. T.

City Items.

Foerster's crackers are the best. Ask your grocer for them, and take no other.

The latest styles of wall paper and ceiling decorations, at J. O. Pecor & Co.'s drug and book store.

We invite the ladies to an early inspection of our white goods and embroideries—the largest and finest in the city.—D. Hunt & Son.

RETAIL MARKET.

Coffee	28 1/2	28 1/2
Molasses, new crop, per gal.	35 1/2	35 1/2
Golden Syrup	4 1/2	4 1/2
Sorghum, Fancy New	4 1/2	4 1/2
Sugar, yellow	5 1/2	5 1/2
Sugar, extra C	6 1/2	6 1/2
Sugar, A	7 1/2	7 1/2
Sugar, granulated	8 1/2	8 1/2
Sugar, powdered, per lb.	9 1/2	9 1/2
Sugar, New Orleans	10 1/2	10 1/2
Tea, 1 lb.	50 1/2	50 1/2
Coal Oil, head light	11 1/2	11 1/2
Bacon, breakfast	12 1/2	12 1/2
Bacon, clear sides, per lb.	16 1/2	16 1/2
Bacon, Hams	12 1/2	12 1/2
Bacon, Shoulders, per lb.	8 1/2	8 1/2
Beans, 1 gal.	35 1/2	35 1/2
Butter, 1 lb.	20 1/2	20 1/2
Chickens, each	26 1/2	26 1/2
Eggs, 1 doz.	18 1/2	18 1/2
Flour, 1 doz.	9 1/2	9 1/2
Flour, Old Gold, per barrel	4 1/2	4 1/2
Flour, Mayville Family, per barrel	4 1/2	4 1/2
Flour, Royal Patent, per barrel	4 1/2	4 1/2
Flour, Mayville Family, per barrel	5 00	5 00
Flour, Graham, per sack	15 1/2	15 1/2
Honey, per lb.	20 1/2	20 1/2
Hominy, 1 gallon	20 1/2	20 1/2
Meal, 1 bushel	20 1/2	20 1/2
Lard, 1 lb.	20 1/2	20 1/2
Onions, per peck	4 1/2	4 1/2
Potatoes, 1 per peck	7 1/2	7 1/2
Apples, per peck	25 1/2	25 1/2

Tutt's Pills

CURE
Malaria, Dumb Chills,
Fever and Ague, Wind
Colic, Bilious Attacks.

They produce regular, natural evacuations, never grip, or interfere with daily business. As a family medicine, they should be in every household.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

OUR GRAND CLEARANCE SALE

Will commence Wednesday, January 11. Read what I have to offer you during this sale:

All of my 5c. prints down to 4 cents; all of my Standard 7½c. prints down to 5 cents; all of my Indigo prints down to 7½ cents; all of my 15c. Manchester Cashmere down to 12½ cts.; all of my 4-4 Cashmeres down to 15 cents; all of my 30c. Cashmeres down to 23½ cents; all of my 50c. Tricots down to 40c.; Black Silks, Colored Silks, Flannels, Blankets, Table Damask, Canton Flannels, Muslins and Sheeting to go at the same reduction.

CLOAKS AND JACKETS—I have twenty-five Jackets which cost \$5; I am now selling them at \$2.50. I will close out the remainder of my Cloaks at correspondingly low prices. Come early and secure a bargain.

M. B. MCKRELL,

ONE DOOR BELOW POSTOFFICE.

The Holder of Ticket

7,256

Is Requested to Call at BALLENGER'S.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A house with three rooms and kitchen, on Fourth street, Fifth ward. Apply to FRED SCHATZMAN.

FOR RENT—A one-story new frame cottage, on Fleming pike. Apply to W. B. CLARKE, Neptune Hall building. J8dt

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—I will sell at public auction at half past one o'clock Saturday, February 11th, at my residence, No. 56 Forest avenue, Fifth ward, my household and kitchen furniture. Also office chair, letter press &c. W. G. SANBORN.

FOR SALE—Thirty-three acres in one tract and eleven acres in another near the town of Washington—both tracts in a fine state of cultivation. Apply to or address S. P. FRISBIE, Washington, Ky. J8dtw-ltw

FOR SALE—A trio of pure bred Silver Spangled Hamburg chickens, mated ready for breeding. The most beautiful of all chickens. Must be sold at once. Cheap. Apply at No. 18 Front street. J8dt

FOR SALE—At a special bargain—Charles Cook's house, Fleming pike. Property must be sold. Only \$225 cash, and balance on very easy payments. This is a chance for a person wanting a cheap, nice house. J. C. HUTCHINS, agent. J8dt

FOR RENT—Ninety-two acres of land, two and a half miles below Mayville, on the railroad. Water plenty, fine tobacco land and room to house it. A good crab apple orchard. Will be rented Monday, Feb. 13, 1888, at the court house door to the highest bidder for cash in advance. J8dt FRANK LAYTHAM.

FOUND.

FOUND—Two reserved seat tickets to the Pat Rooney entertainment. Call at this office. J8dt

OPERA HOUSE.

A Grand Treat!

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

THURSDAY, FEB. 9.

GRAU'S FAMOUS ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY (thirty-five Artists) presenting America's greatest success,

ERMINIE!

A Star Cast—Superb Chorus and Orchestra—Grand Costumes—Elegant Scenery. Notwithstanding the enormous expenses of this great company the management have adopted the following scale of prices:

25, 35, 50 and 75 cts.

Seats on sale Monday at Taylor's.

EXCITING TIMES!

SCOUT THIS OUT and bring it with you if you want to save money.

Gilbey's Early Java Beans per dozen, only \$1.40
Red Crow Tomatoes, 5-pored cans, doz., 1.15
Royal Corn, sweet and juicy, per dozen, 1.15
California Apricots, (best) three-pound cans, per dozen, 2.25
Apples (best) three-pound cans, per doz 1.15
Canned Pumpkin, three-pound cans, best, per dozen, 1.15
Come and we will assort you a dozen at these prices.

500 good Brooms..... 25
1 gallon best Coal Oil, only..... 5
1 dozen Whole Cooked Pig's Feet..... 10
5 dozen Clothes Pins, only..... 50
1 gallon choice new crop Molasses, only..... 35
1 gallon best N. O. Molasses, (something fine)..... 55
1 pound choice No. 1 Green Coffee..... 25
Don't forget to call for Hill's Pride Baking Powder and Flour; it is something good.

L. HILL.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!
OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED!

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000.

L.S.L.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY

Incorporated by the Legislature in 1883, for educational and charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly, and the Grand Quarterly Drawings regularly every three months—March, June, September and December. We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

St. J. Beauregard
J. T. Early

Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lottery which may be presented at our counters.
J. H. CHASE, Pres. La. National Bk.
F. LANAUX, President State Nat'l Bk.
C. BALDWIN, Pres. N. O. National Bk.
CARL KOWN, Pres. Union Nat'l Bank.

GRAND QUARTERLY DRAWING

In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, MAR. 13, 1888, CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000.

100,000 tickets at \$2 each; halves, \$1; Quarters, 50 cents; 20 tickets, \$1.
PRIZES OF \$300,000 is..... \$300,000
1 PRIZE of 100,000 is..... 100,000
1 PRIZE of 50,000 is..... 50,000
1 PRIZE of 25,000 is..... 25,000
2 PRIZES of 10,000 are..... 20,000
5 PRIZES of 5,000 are..... 25,000
25 PRIZES of 1,000 are..... 25,000
100 PRIZES of 500 are..... 50,000
200 PRIZES of 300 are..... 60,000
500 PRIZES of 200 are..... 100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES
100 Prizes of \$500 approximating to \$50,000
100 Prizes of \$300 approximating to \$30,000
100 Prizes of \$200 approximating to \$20,000
1,000 Prizes of \$100 decided by \$100,000
1,000 Prizes of \$100 decided by \$100,000
Prize are..... 100,000

3,136 Prizes amounting to.....\$1,055,000

For Club Rates, or any further information, apply to the undersigned. Your handwriting must be distinct and signature plain. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an envelope bearing your full address.

Send Postal Notes, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by Express (at our expense) addressed to

M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.,
Or M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C.
Address Registered Letters to
NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

Remember that the presence of

Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a guarantee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are all equal, and that no one can possibly divine what numbers will draw a Prize.

REMEMBER that Four National Banks guarantee the payment of Prizes, and that all tickets bear the signature of the President of an institution, whose franchise is recognized in the highest Courts; therefore, beware of any imitations or anonymous schemes.

BOARDING

Day, Week or Meal.

At GUILFOY'S New Restaurant and Boarding-House, on Market street, opposite Central Hotel. Everything is new, neat and Clean. Single Meals 25 cents. Fine Cigars and Liquors at the Bar. J8dt

The Art of Advertising.

For \$10 we will insert 4 lines (32 words) in One Million copies of Daily, Sunday or Weekly Newspapers. The work will all be done in 10 days. Send order and check to

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
10 SPRUCE ST., N. Y.

176-page Newspaper Catalogue sent by mail for 30 cents.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & MCCARTHY.
Proprietors.

THURSDAY EVEN'G, FEB. 9, 1888.

INDICATIONS—"Colder, light local snows."

EGG NOODLES for soup—Calhoun's.

You can get groceries as cheap at Hancock's as any place in the city. tf

AMERICAN peas, better and cheaper than imported, at G. W. Geisel's. dtf

Old-time sugar-house and fancy new crop of molasses cheap, at G. W. Geisel's.

J. W. PRENDERGAST has been re-elected Marshal of Falmouth, by eleven majority.

W. D. FRAZER has conveyed to Louisa M. Lurty a house and lot in Dover for \$1,250.

LABAN T. EVERETT, well known in this city, has been elected Treasurer of Catlettsburg.

FRESH butter, eggs, groceries and vegetables, at J. B. Pollitt's, Third street, Kneeream's old stand. fdlw

New stock of staple and fancy groceries, cheap, at J. B. Pollitt's, Third street, C. T. Kneeream's old stand. fdlw

LAFAYETTE FOSTER has conveyed to Thomas Craven a house and lot on the south side of Fourth street for \$850.

W. J. HOOK, of Augusta, is a candidate for Sheriff of Bracken County, with E. F. McAtee, of Brooksville, for deputy.

REV. J. M. EVANS returned this morning from Catlettsburg where he has been engaged in a protracted meeting for the past month.

DR. P. G. SMOR has been solicited to read a paper at the approaching annual meeting of the Kentucky Homeopathic Association.

DAVID WELLS and Lucinda Hunt, of Chester, were married this morning by Rev. Thomas Hanford, at his residence on West Second street.

RIPLEY longs for a shoe factory and a canning factory. In fact she would be delighted to get a new factory of most any character and description.

DR. ISHMAEL, of Maysville, will shortly remove to this city where he will practice medicine with Drs. Brown & Venable.—Winchester Democrat.

THE peace warrant sworn out against Alfred Grayson by Squire Hunter Tuesday was dismissed by Judge Coons this morning, and Grayson was released.

DR. J. H. YOUNG, of Winchester, well known in this city, has closed a protracted meeting in the M. E. Church, South, at London, Ky., with sixty-nine additions.

For your pure, fresh, home-made candy go to "Lewis' Candy Kitchen," Second street, four doors east of George T. Wood's drug store. Please call and examine goods. 19tf

THE new business of the Equitable for 1887 was \$138,000,000, a sum never approximated by any other company. Insurance in the most popular company. Jos. F. Brodick, agent.

WILLIS WILLETT, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Willett, of the Fifth ward, died yesterday afternoon. He was fourteen years old and had been ill for some time with rheumatism and pneumonia.

Marshal Heflin and Lee Lovel went to Germantown yesterday afternoon and recovered a valuable setter dog that Mr. Lovel lost about a year ago. The "pup" was found at a farmer's near that place.

It is estimated that there was an average of ten additions last Sunday to each of the one hundred and one evangelical churches in Louisville. The good work is attributed to the Moody revival services.

Messrs. GEORGE W. SULSER, of this city, and W. J. Dearing, of Flemingsburg, are applicants for Territorial appointments. There are only about one dozen such places to be filled, and Mr. Sulser's friends would be glad to hear of his getting one in that dozen.

A big mortgage was executed in the County Clerk's office at Covington a few days ago. It is from the Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad to the Union Trust Company, of New York, and is for \$7,500,000. The mortgage is made to secure the payment of bonds issued by the Trust Company for the railroad.

CHARLES BROWN, general superintendent of the K. C. road accompanied by Mr. Raun, general train dispatcher, and other officers, passend over the Maysville branch a few days ago on a tour of inspection. They examined the bridges and tunnels between Paris and Ewing. The inspection is believed to have reference to a report of the condition of the road to the new general manager.

WHO WAS HE?

An Unknown Man Disappears Under Circumstances That Point to Death by Drowning.

An unknown man disappeared a few days ago in Charleston Bottom under circumstances that point almost unmistakably to his death by drowning. For some reason or other, however, the matter has not become generally known, as the first news of the mystery reached this city only yesterday.

On the evening of Wednesday, February 1st, Mr. Elasha Moran, living in Charleston Bottom, was accosted by a stranger, who inquired for the home of Mr. Silas N. Robinson. The unknown man was riding a large roan horse, and had been drinking. He was told how to reach Mr. Robinson's home, and proceeded on the way pointed out. That was the last seen of him.

Mr. Robinson keeps "bachelor's hall." He was away from home that night and there was no one at the house. The next morning on Mr. Robinson's return, he saw where some one had been walking about on the porch. The ground had been thawing, and the fellow's muddy shoes had left their tracks on the floor. It was also found that a horse had been hitched near the yardgate the night before and had tramped about in the mud several hours. A man's tracks leading from the porch to the river bank, only a short distance away, were next discovered. It was then seen that the fellow had fallen over the bank and rolled down on the river shore. From this point the tracks led to the water, and it was plainly seen where he had walked in his muddy shoes on the shore to the water's edge. There were no traces showing he had returned, and the fellow in his drunken and bewildered condition had undoubtedly walked directly into the river and was drowned. This is corroborated by parties living in a boat on the opposite side of the river at that point. They heard some man on the night in question cursing and using language as though he was in a half-drunken condition. Shortly afterwards they heard some one fall into the river and then there were cries for help, mingled with the noise of some one struggling about in the water. The cries soon ceased, and the fellow, whoever he was, had undoubtedly found a watery grave.

The above information was learned yesterday from Mr. Robinson. He is inclined to think from the description given that the unfortunate man was a fellow named Rube Perkins, who worked for him some years ago. Perkins was living near Sharpburg, Bath County, at last accounts, and had a wife and two children.

The horse ridden by the stranger was seen the next morning wandering about on the turnpike in the vicinity of the churches on Lawrence Creek.

Answer to J. M. Hawley's Complaint.

The officers of this city have papers to show that Mr. J. M. Hawley, of Forman's Springs, has no grounds for complaint at the charges made by them for arresting Charley Jones the "daring boy burglar," and recovering the stolen property. Marshal Heflin and Deputy Marshal Fisher were engaged in the case. The question as to what Mr. Hawley should pay them was left to two prominent business men of this city, and these two awarded the officers \$30. Mr. Hawley was well satisfied with their decision, we understand, and the money was paid.

As to the amount recovered, the following receipt will show what was turned over:

Feb. 2, 1888
Rec'd from John Fisher, Deputy Marshal of Maysville, Ky., the money and property taken from Charles Jones on Jan. 30th—\$87.40 found on Jones when arrested, \$17.05 received for a railroad ticket, one silver watch and chain, one pistol, one trunk and contents, one pair of sleeve buttons, said to be property of J. M. Hawley, of Lewis County, Ky.

J. M. HAWLEY.
The contents of the trunk consisted of three pairs new pants, three new shirts and other goods.

Mr. Hawley's letter to the BULLETIN was written shortly after the robbery and before the settlement made with the officers.

Successful Revival at Catlettsburg.

An Enquirer special from Catlettsburg says: "A protracted meeting of more than usual interest has been in progress here for the past month, conducted by Rev. J. M. Evans, of Maysville, and ruling Elder J. H. Hopper, of Perryville, Evangelists of the Presbyterian Church. The meeting assumed huge proportions and surpassed anything of the kind ever held here, and the interest was unabated. The church was crowded to suffocation nightly. Up to Monday night there had been one hundred and twenty-eight conversions, eighty-three of whom connected themselves with the Presbyterian Church, the remainder going to the Methodist and Baptist Churches."

The meeting has closed since the above despatch was written. The total number of conversions was one hundred and thirty-eight.

THE SOLONS AT FRANKFORT.

Items of Interest Gleaned From the Proceedings of the Legislature. Notes and Comments.

The bill increasing the pay of Circuit Judges from \$2,400 to \$3,000 was tabled. Bills are pending to create a special whipping-post for tramps; to establish a Bureau of Labor Statistics, with a chief officer, at a salary of \$2,500 per annum; and to prevent drunkenness of State officers, from Constable to Judge of the Court of Appeals, by fining them from \$50 to \$500 for each offense.

A bill doing away with capital punishment, and fixing the supreme punishment for murder at confinement for life in the penitentiary has been introduced by Mr. Nesbitt.

Mr. F. F. Wallace offered a bill exempting the indebtedness of all persons in the Commonwealth from assessment and taxation.

Mr. Nicol offered a bill repealing the act by which railroads are now exempted from taxation for a period of five years after construction.

The House has passed Dr. Mead's bill requiring proprietors of patent medicines to furnish a formula of their mixtures.

Mr. Thomas, of Bourbon, introduced a bill providing that the branch penitentiary at Eddyville be converted into a school of reform under the name of the Kentucky Reformatory. The Governor is authorized to appoint, by and with the consent of the Senate, five persons as a Board of Managers, who shall have charge of the conduct and control of the institution, receiving no compensation therefor, other than necessary traveling expenses. Provision is made for all kinds of employment, under the supervision of a superintendent appointed by the Board. Any person under thirty years of age, who has never before been convicted of a crime, can be sentenced to the reformatory, and the court shall not fix the term of the imprisonment, the managers of the institution regulating that by the prisoner's conduct, etc. The Board shall have power to transfer any prisoner from the reformatory to the penitentiary, if it see fit. The bill was ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Prisons.

The House has passed the bill giving laborers and employees engaged in the construction of railroads under subcontractors a lien on the original contractor or the companies' property, by a large majority.

Mr. Worthington offered a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the Sinking Fund Commission to furnish the Senate a copy of all contracts in regard to working convicts by others than the State authorities.

M. M. DURRITT, formerly of this city, but now of Covington, had \$18,000 of the stock of the "busted Metropolitan Bank of Cincinnati." He holds it as guardian of a party named Powell, and according to reports he will lose about 15 per cent. of the amount.

A notice has appeared in a Cincinnati paper calling a special meeting of the stock-holders of the Ohio and Northwestern R. R. to take action upon the proposed extension of the Columbus and Maysville branch of that line to some point on the Ohio river.

THERE was a large crowd at the M. E. Church last evening to attend the revival services now in progress. "The Great Helper" was the subject of Rev. W. H. Childer's discourse. At the conclusion of the sermon, one asked for the prayers of the church. Preaching again this evening at 7 o'clock.

THE remains of Captain Thomas A. Curran were interred at Dover yesterday afternoon. The Episcopal burial service was read by Rev. D. D. Chapin, of this city. Judge Wall, Circuit Clerk Parry and Messrs. G. S. Judd and J. M. Groves were among the pall-bearers. In addition to those mentioned above from this city, Messrs. Charles D. Newell and John L. Whitaker, were present at the funeral.

The Opera Company Here.

The steamer Bostona brought the Grau Opera Company down from Ironton, O., this morning. The box-sheet at Taylor's points to a big audience at the opera house to-night. Admission 25, 35, 50 and 75 cents.

Residence Burned.

Mr. Sam Wadsworth met with quite a serious loss yesterday afternoon. His residence near Concord, accidentally caught fire and was totally destroyed, with its contents. All that Mr. Wadsworth succeeded in saving was a trunk. The building was insured for \$500 in the London and Liverpool and Globe, and contents for \$600 in Mr. Warder's agency.

Mrs. Wadsworth was visiting at a neighbor's, and Mr. Wadsworth was some distance away from home when the fire was discovered.

Personal.

Representative C. H. Callon, of Greenup, was in town yesterday.

Miss Daisy Hubbard is visiting her sister, Mrs. Sidwell, near Minerva.

John Langerbeaur, of Ripley, O., is visiting his sister, Mrs. Matilda Eitel.

Thomas W. Parry, of Kansas City, arrived this morning to spend a few weeks at his home, near Washington.

Miss Kate Ryan and Mrs. George Eitel left yesterday on a visit at Cincinnati, to be absent several days.

Charley Ludwig, formerly with Louis Zech & Co. but now of Cincinnati, arrived yesterday afternoon on a brief visit.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Thompson and Miss Belle Emmons, of the Fifth ward, are visiting Mrs. Disher at Mt. Olivet.

Mrs. Wm. Pepper and her sister Mrs. Wm. T. Henry, of Carlisle, are visiting Dr. R. H. Pepper, at Huntington, W. Va.

Dress Making.

Misses Amelia B. Wood and Mattie Davis' rooms are on West Court street, second floor, above H. C. Hubbard's. Patronage solicited, work done promptly.

ROYAL
FULL WEIGHT
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall St., New York.

FOOT-WARMERS.

SEAMLESS



SEAMLESS

The most comfortable House Shoe made—the only Shoe combining warmth, pliability, durability and noiselessness. For sale at

Miner's Shoe Store.

>CHENOWETH'S<

PRESCRIPTION AND FAMILY

DRUG STORE

THOMAS J. CHENOWETH, Prop.

This space is reserved for
PAUL HUEFLICH & BRO.'S
"ad," which will appear in a
few days. Watch for it.

THOSE OWING

HOPPER & MURPHY,

The Jewelers, will be given a chance on the Combination Ring worth \$300.00 for every dollar they pay, if paid by February 15, 1888. They also give a ticket with every dollar's worth of goods sold until February 15. Remember the 300.00 paid in cash if the lucky one prefers. HOPPER & MURPHY.

Must be Sold.

We have about twenty-five Children's Cloaks, nice quality, with pleated Skirts,—goods that sold from \$4 to \$7. We have reduced the entire lot to \$2.50 for choice. Sizes, 4, 6, 8 and 10 years. Also about ten extra fine New Markets, worth during the season \$10 to 12. Your choice now for 5.00. A few Jackets left that we are closing at 1.50 to 2.50.

We are also showing some extra bargains in Dress Goods. Elegant 36-inch Cashmere at 25 cents, former price 35 cents; 52-inch All-wool Ladies' Cloth only 50 cents per yard; extra quality 36-inch Tricot at 40 cents.

Our lines of Blankets, Flannels, Jeans, Underwear and Hosiery reduced to cost.

If you need anything in the Dry Goods line do not fail to look through our stock, as our prices are the lowest.

BROWNING & CO.,

No. 3 East Second Street, Maysville, Ky.

THE GOSSIP OF EUROPE.

M. WILSON AGAIN DRAGGED INTO PROMINENCE.

This Time by the Singular Conduct of M. Vigneau—Bismarck's Speech Generally Favorably Received Throughout Europe. Another Flood in China—Foreign.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The singular conduct of M. Vigneau, the judge d' instruction, with the management of the case against M. Wilson, has dragged that party into prominence and made the affair in which he is involved once more the talk of Paris, after public interest in the son-in-law of M. Grevy had almost died out and the matter of the decorations excited the attention of few except the lawyers and those implicated in the alleged traffic in ribbons and crosses.

Although M. Vigneau was relieved of his functions as judge d' instruction and without allowing him, as has always been customary, to conduct to an end the cases on which he was engaged, he is still a magistrate and only a formal condemnation by the superior council of the magistracy can definitely remove him from that office.

Of course, there is a political side to the affair, and the rumor at once circulated through Paris that Vigneau's fault has been too much vigor in the prosecution of M. Wilson, and that ex-President Grevy's friends were still powerful enough to crush a functionary who dared to do his duty. It was well known that Vigneau's mother had for her second husband a zealous employee of the house of Orleans, and that the future magistrate was educated in reverence of that family, at whose chateau he passed his boyhood days.

Nothing more natural than that he should seek by any means in his power to prove guilty the son-in-law of the man who signed the decree banishing the count of Paris and his family, and despite his summary suspension from duty, it is generally conceded that he has done so.

Some of the enemies of M. Wilson hastily concluding from the action of the authorities in removing M. Vigneau that an attempt was being made to continue the trial of the accused, under the jurisdiction of a magistrate less zealous than M. Vigneau, questioned the minister of justice concerning the matter in the chamber of deputies, when M. Fallieres replied, rather theatrically, that justice would follow its course "normal, regular, in its independence complete and absolute," and promised that should M. Wilson be found guilty the full penalty of the law will be inflicted upon him. All this sounds very well, but nobody believes that anything of the kind will be done.

Russian Press Comments.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 9.—The pacific tone of Bismarck's speech produces an excellent impression.

The Novoe Vremya says: "The speech was a masterpiece. Prince Bismarck was calm, self-reliant and perhaps sincere throughout, and his speech was undoubtedly pacific in tone. The speech was well delivered. The statements contained in it were too clear to deserve hostile criticism. The attack on the Russian press could equally have been addressed to the German and Austrian press. The other passages in the speech are such that every Russian patriot would gladly repeat them. The oration was especially full of deep feeling."

The Moscow Gazette, discussing the Austro-German treaty, says: "Henceforth it will be impossible for Russia to confide in allies whose hostilities toward her have been proved. The alliance between Russia, England and France must be effected to counterbalance the 'peace league.'"

Generally Favorably Received.

BERLIN, Feb. 9.—Prince Bismarck's speech is the general topic of conversation in political circles all over Europe, and is generally favorably received. In London it is thought to be weak on the abandonment of the defense of Turkey.

Bismarck in his speech referred to certain other powers with which Germany has concluded treaties of alliance similar to those between Germany and Italy. It is rumored that Spain, Roumania and Sweden are the countries referred to.

Confusion on the Russian Frontier.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 9.—Gen. Vannovski, the minister of war, is holding frequent conferences with the czar regarding the position on the Russian frontier. Trustworthy reports say that the utmost confusion prevails in the transport and commissariat services. It is the accepted belief in official circles that the government will make no change in the military measures already determined upon.

The Trade of London.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—The returns of the board of trade for the month of January, just issued, show an increase of imports by 3,760,000 pounds, and of exports by 770,000 pounds, in comparison with January, 1887.

Two Million Chinese Homeless.

SHANGHAI, Feb. 9.—The Huang Ho has again overflowed and 2,000,000 people are rendered destitute and homeless.

Cablegrams.

France and Italy are unable to agree on a commercial treaty.

University of St. Petersburg has been reopened and the students are quietly resuming their studies.

Archbishop MacEvilly declares by authority that the pope is not opposed to the legitimate aspirations of the Irish people.

The will of Thomas Jessop, steel manufacturer of Sheffield, England, disposes of an estate valued at £550,000, largely in America.

Cardinal Manning says that Socialism tends to centralization, and that labor under government control would create a gross political influence.

The Political Correspondence says the central powers have no intention to demand that Russia disarm, but the earnest declarations of Prince Bismarck should prove that further armaments are not needed. The czar will send Colonel Grebetskoff, commanding the Francis Joseph grenadiers to report to the emperor of Austria as titular head of the regiment.

Shooting Affray at Keniawha Falls.

KENIAWA FALLS, W. Va., Feb. 9.—In a fracas here, Erwin Rigg shot another man named Jarrett Huddleston, two shots taking effect, one in the right hand, the other in his left leg. The trouble grew out of a lawsuit, involving several hundred dollars. Huddleston is about sixty years of age, and his wounds are considered serious.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a Terse and Spicy Manner.

Henry Martine, Belmont, O., rope route. Lafayette, Ind., Daily News has climbed the golden stairs.

Canton, O., miners to the number of 1,000 have gone on a strike.

Findlay has struck a new gas well of 5,000,000 cubic feet capacity.

At Augusta, Ky., Jesse Newman fooled with a gun. He's dead.

The New York Nineteenth Century club is squabbling over the deity.

A guard at the Vicksburg jail shot and killed an escaping prisoner.

Columbus, O., bankers say they lost nothing in the Metropolitan break.

Philip Herzberg, well known citizen of Bellefontaine, O., was found dead in bed.

Fenton Rogers, of Cincinnati, was killed by an explosion of natural gas at Anderson, Ind.

Fred. Feats, of Findlay, O., cigar dealer, has vanished "like a wreath of smoke blown sideways."

A bill has been introduced in the Kentucky legislature to remove the capital from Frankfort to Lexington.

Many Indiana Democrats are open in their expression of the wish to see Hill nominated instead of Cleveland.

At Hopkinsville, Ky., Marion Browning shot a weak minded neighbor, Louis Shanks, without provocation.

The Anti-Monopoly league has issued a call for a National convention, to be held in New York city on August 1 next.

Simon Dolph, of Mansfield, O., has recovered \$275 damages in his \$20,000 suit against the citizens who tarred and feathered him in 1886.

William Ball, a spurned lover at Pittsburg, Mo., shot his adored one, Miss Neva Everett, through the head, and then killed himself at the young lady's house.

House committee on territories has reported a bill to congress for creating the territory of Oklahoma out of the public land strip and a part of the Indian Territory.

Mrs. Griffith, who was made to refund the \$200 received for casting the devils out of Mrs. Billup, at Washington C. H., O., says it must be passed over again or back will go the devils.

George Willard, of Shelbyville, Ind., says there is no place like home, and he is glad of it. His wife tried to pulverize him with an ax, shot gun, scissors and butcher knife, and George will permanently retire from the firm.

Forty lady members of St. Paul's Free Protestant church, Belleville, Ill., have withdrawn owing to reports of improper conduct by the pastor, Rev. A. F. Steiger. He denies the charge and offers \$50 reward for the discovery of the slanderers.

It is said at Chicago that a secret political society has been organized to defeat James G. Blaine before the Republican National convention on account of the Catholic proclivities of his relatives, and that Walter Q. Gresham will be pushed for the nomination.

At Wooster, O., Miss Emma Sanderson and the wedding guests waited for the groom that never came, and now it turns out that it was a practical joke of one of Emma's rejected suitors, who wrote to the groom to vamoose, and signed her father's name.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for Feb. 8.

New York—Money 3 per cent. Exchange steady. Governments firm.

Currency sixes, 120 1/4 bid; four coupons, 125 1/4; four-and-a-half, 107 1/4 bid.

The stock market opened this morning with a moderate business, but weak at declines from last evening's final prices extending to 1/4 per cent. which were further increased in the early trading from 1/4 to 1/2 per cent. Later, however, the animation disappeared from the list and the decline was checked, the market sinking into the usual dullness, though a portion of the loss was recovered. There was more activity late in the hour, accompanied by an increase in strength, most stocks regaining the early losses, and at 11 o'clock the market was quiet but steady to firm at but slight changes from first prices.

At noon the market was dull and rather heavy at insignificant changes from opening figures.

Bar & Quincey 127 1/4 Mich. Cent. 82 1/4 Central Pacific 120 1/4 Missouri Pacific 83 1/4 C. C. & I. 52 N. Y. Central 106 1/4 Del. & Hudson 110 Northwestern 107 1/4 Del. Lac. & W. 130 1/4 do preferred 144 Illinois Cent. 120 1/4 Ohio & Miss. 22 1/4 Kan. & Texas 17 Pacific Mail 35 1/4 Lake Shore 90 1/4 St. Paul 75 1/4 Louisville & Nash 59 1/4 Western Union 78

Cincinnati.

Flour—Fancy, \$3 50/60; family, \$3 40/50; 3 60/70.

Wheat—No. 3 red, 84 1/2/85; No. 2, 87 1/2/88; Corn—No. 3 mixed, 51 1/2/52; No. 2 mixed, 52.

Oats—No. 3 mixed, 33c; No. 2 mixed, 34c; No. 3 white, 35 1/2/36.

Pork—Family, \$15 00/15 12 1/2; regular, \$15 00/15 12 1/2.

Lard—Kettle, 8 1/2/84c.

Poultry—Common chickens, \$2 50/2 75 per dozen; fair to prime, \$3 00/3 25.

Wool—Unwashed fine merino, 17 1/2/18c; one-fourth blood combing, 23 1/2/24c; medium delaine and clothing, 23 1/2/24c; braid, 18 1/2/19c; medium combing, 23 1/2/24c; fleece washed fine merino, X and XX, 26 1/2/27c; medium clothing, 23 1/2/24c; delaine fleece, 23 1/2/24c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$14 50/15 00; No. 2, \$13 00/14 00; mixed, \$10 00/11 50; prairie, \$9 00/10 00; wheat, oats and rye straw, \$5 50/6 00.

Cattle—Good to choice butchers, \$3 25/3 40; 4 1/2; fair, \$2 50/3 10; common, \$1 25/2 00; stockers and feeders, \$2 25/3 50; yearlings and calves, \$2 00/2 50.

Hogs—Select butchers, \$5 50/5 75; fair to good packing, \$5 40/5 65; fair to good light, \$5 10/5 35; common, \$4 00/4 90; culls, \$3 25/3 70.

Sheep—Common to fair, \$5 00/5 30; good to choice, \$4 25/5 00; common to fair lambs, \$3 25/4 75; good to choice, \$5 00/5 50.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Steady; prime to extra, \$4 75/5 00; fair to good, \$4 25/4 50; common, \$3 75/4 00; feeders, \$3 75/4 50; stockers, \$3 50/3 75; receipts, 57; shipments, 133.

Hogs—Firm and unchanged; receipts, 600; shipments, 500; Philadelphia, \$5 80/6 00; mixed, \$5 65/5 75; Yorkers, \$4 40/4 60; common to fair, \$5 25/5 40; pigs, \$4 75/5 15.

Sheep—Fair; prime \$5 10/5 30; fair to good, \$4 80/4 85; common, \$3 50/3 60; lambs, \$4 00/4 25; receipts, 2,400; shipments, 3,500.

New York.

Wheat—No. 1 state red, 93 1/2/94c; No. 2 red winter, 90 1/4/91c; March, 89c.

Corn—Mixed, 69 1/2/70c; March, 69 1/2/70c.

Oats—No. 1 white, 41 1/2/42c; No. 2, 40 1/2/41c.

Cattle—\$3 50/3 55 per 100 pounds live weight.

Hogs—\$4 50/4 55 per 100 pounds.

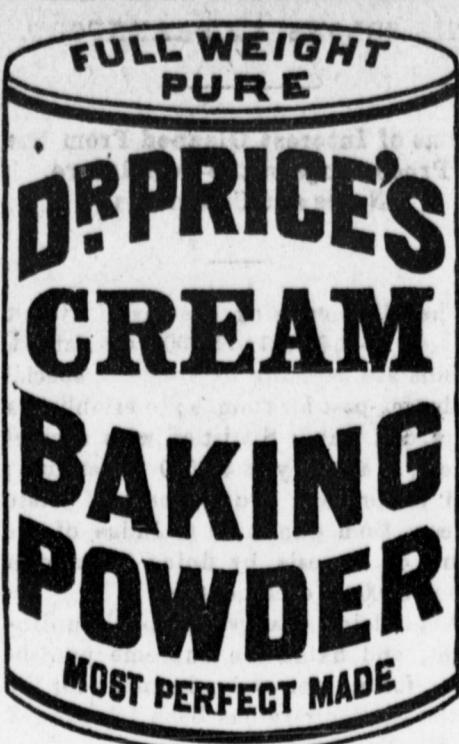
Sheep—\$3 75/3 80 per 100 pounds live weight.

Chicago.

Cattle—Choice to extra shipping, \$3 00/3 15; mixed, \$1 85/2 25; stockers and feeders, \$2 00/2 40.

Hogs—Fair to good, \$5 00/5 35; mixed packing, \$5 10/5 60; heavy to choice, \$5 35/5 80.

Sheep—Common, \$3 00/3 25; lambs, \$5 00/5 25.



Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the great Universities as the strongest, purest and most healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
New York, Chicago, St. Louis.

LATEST.



GLORIOUS VICTORY!

Joyful tidings to the thousands: the Mammoth Furniture Store of HENRY ORT offers a large stock of Bran New Styles, at prices on

MODERN CHAMBER SUITS,

Latest Styles of Parlor Work, Folding Bed Lounges and Beds, Sideboards, Bookcases, Wardrobes and all other articles in the line of

Household FURNITURE,

that will make it interesting to buyers. Our trade is increasing, and to make it boom, we have made prices to suit the times. We carry a large stock, and are the drivers of low cash prices. Come and see; we will treat you right. Remember, square dealing at

THE HENRY ORT FURNITURE STORE,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

SOMETHING NEW

GO TO

G. S. HANCOCK,

No. 49 Market street, Maysville, Ky., for good and cheap

Groceries and Produce,

and everything usually kept in a first-class retail grocery. Cash or trade for produce. Honest weight and square dealing.

A. SORRIES & SON,

GUN AND LOCKSMITHS,

Repair Guns, Pistols, Locks, &c. Special attention paid to repairing Sewing Machines. Office and Shop on East Second street.

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J. H. SALLEE, Commonwealth's Att'y.
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SALLEE & SALLEE,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law, will attend to collections and a general law practice in civil cases in Mason and adjoining counties. Fire Insurance and Real Estate Agents. All letters answered promptly. Office: No. 12 Court street, Maysville, Ky.

ADVERTISERS send for our Select List of Local Newspapers. Geo. F. Rowell & Co., 10, Spruce street, N. Y.

The BEE HIVE.

We are now showing some entirely new and beautiful effects in rich,

Spring Dress Fabrics

All Wool Henrietta Cloth, in Apple Green, Mahogany Brown, Gobelin Blue and all the new shades, forty inches wide, and strictly All Wool, only 48 cents per yard, fully worth 75 cents a yard.

Best quality all Silk Flush, in new Spring colors, only 89 cents per yard.

Just received, some entirely new designs in Checks, Stripes and Cable Cords, fine French Zephyr and Scotch Ginghams, at 8, 10 and 12 1/2 cents a yard; Double-width All Wool Filling Cashmeres and beiges at 15 cents per yard; another big lot of those remnants of heavy, yard-wide Gorman Blue Calice at 5 cents per yard, worth 15 cents per yard.

Our stock of Swiss Embroideries, Hamburgs, Laces and Trimmings is indeed varied and grand. No one can afford to purchase any of these goods without first inspecting our stock. Embroideries and Laces at 1 cent a yard; good, American Wash Laces, eight inches wide, at 4 and 5 cents per yard, which can not be duplicated in Maysville for 10 cents a yard; an especial lot of Swiss and Hamburg Embroidery, eight inches wide, at 20 cents per yard, would be cheap at 40 cents.

Despite the recent advance in the price of all Cotton Goods and Domestics, our same low prices still prevail. We are, in fact, selling many brands of Muslin at less than they can be bought wholesale. New lot real Crepe Lisse Ruching at 10 cents per yard, sold elsewhere for 25 cents.

ROSENAU BROS.,

Prop. Bee Hive, Sutton Street, Two Doors Below Second.

HERMANN LANGE, The Jeweler,

has an elegant stock of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Spectacles, Gold Pens, Opera Glasses, etc.

NO. 17 ARCADE, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

A CLEAN SWEEP

TO CLOSE OUT.

A small lot of Ladies' and Misses' Cloaks to close out at less than half price; one lot of Shawls at 25 per cent. less than cost; twenty-five dozen Ladies' Hemstitch Handkerchiefs at 5 cents each; Ladies' Gloves reduced from 50 cents to 25 cents per pair; Men's Gloves and Mitts reduced to 25, 35, 40, 50 and 75 cents per pair; lot of Remnants almost given away; twenty-five dozen Unlaundered Shirts reduced from 75 cents to 50 cents each—best value ever shown. We have opened

A Cheap Table Loaded Down With Bargains!

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hose reduced to close; big bargains in Dress Goods and Trimmings to be sold at less than actual value. This will be a CHEAP SALE of DRY GOODS. Come early and you will get good bargains.

J. W. SPARKS & BRO.

24 Market Street, Maysville.

THE KENTUCKY CENTRAL R. R.

"BLUE GRASS ROUTE."

Shortest and Quickest Route

From Central Kentucky to all points North, East, West and South. Fast Line between

LEXINGTON and CINCINNATI.

Schedule in effect November 12, 1887.

North-Bound.

Leave Covington..... 7 26 a m

Leave Lexington..... 7 26 a m

Leave Paris..... 8 20 a m

Arrive Maysville..... 8 45 a m

Arrive Lexington..... 9 07 a m

Arrive Maysville..... 9 56 a m

Arrive Lexington..... 10 40 a m

South-Bound.

Leave Maysville..... 5 55 a m

Leave Lexington..... 6 10 a m

Leave Paris..... 6 33 a m

Arrive Maysville..... 7 25 a m

Arrive Lexington..... 7 47 a m

Arrive Maysville..... 8 10 a m

Arrive Lexington..... 9 10 a m

Arrive Maysville..... 11 35 a m

Note—Trains 3 and 4 are daily between Winchester, Lexington and Cincinnati; other trains are daily except Sunday.

Direct connection is made at Winchester with Chesapeake and Ohio for Mt. Sterling, Ashland, Huntington, Charleston, W. Va. and Eastern cities.

Fast Line—Nos. 3 and 4 run via Winchester. Solid trains, with Pullman sleeping cars, between Cincinnati and Richmond, Va., and Winchester and Washington, D. C.

Through tickets and baggage checked to any destination reached by a railroad.

For full particulars address or call on any agent of the company, or D. A. Feely, Traveling Passenger Agent, Lexington, Ky.; S. F. B. Morse, General Passenger Agent, Covington, Ky.

H. E. HUNTINGTON, Gen'l Manager, General Offices, Covington, Ky.

JOHN CRANE,

—House, Sign and—

Ornamental Painter.

Graining, Glazing and Paper-hanging. All work neatly and promptly executed. Office and shop, north side of Fourth between Market and Limestone, streets, Maysville, Ky.

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LAWYER,

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W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE, the original and only Hand-sewed Welt \$4.00 shoe in the world, equals custom-made Hand-sewed shoes that cost from \$6 to \$9.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE.

The only \$3 SEAMLESS shoe in the world.

Finest calf, perfect fit, and warranted. Congress, Button and Lace, all styles too. As stylish and durable as those costing \$5 or \$6.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 SHOE excels the \$3 shoes advertised by other firms.

Boys all wear the W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE. If your dealer does not keep them, send your name on postal to W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

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MONUMENTS, TABLETS,